# Studies on the External Male Genitalia of Drosophilidae in Korea

韓國產 초과리의 雄性外部生殖器에 對한 研究

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# Studies on the External Male Genitalia of Drosophilidae in Korea

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#### INTRODUCTION

The external and internal genital organs of male Drosophila are known to be one of the most important species specific characters, and it has been used by many taxonomists in discriminating closely related Drosophila species. The external male genitalia of the genus have also been studied by Hsu(1949) and Okada(1957) in terms of systematics.

The Drosophilid fauna of Korea heve been actively surveyed since 1955 mostly by Chonnam University(Chung et al 1955, 1956; Paik and Kim 1957), and some others (Takada and Lee 1958). Kim and Paik(1957), referring to the external features, established a tentative key to 51 Korean species of the Drosophilidae.

Present work attemped to check the external genital structures of Korean species of Drosophilidae and to provide further data for the study of systematic relationships among the species.

In order to examine the intraspecific variations Korean species have been compared with those of Japan or of the other countries, and the number of variations are observed.

#### MATERIAL AND METHODS

The species used in this study had been collected from May, 1955 to October, 1960 at the various localities of South Korea: Mts. Moodung, Chiri, Hanra, Sori, Taepaik; Najoo orchard areas; and Tolsan-Island(see Fig. 1).

The Korean specimens have been compared largely with the stocks sent from Genetics Laboratory of Tokyo Metropolitan University, Japan and partly with those from Genetics Laboratory of The University of Texas and from Pavia University, Italy.

Paik's improved technique (1956) was employed in examining the structures of male

# genitalia.

All the drawings were made by a drawing prism at the same magnification (ca 150x).

# PRESENTATION OF DATA

The genital preparations of 43 Korean species were examined and compared with those of Japanese, Americans, or Europeans. Severala specimens were unavoidably referred to the original descriptions. If the differencies are recognized, they are shown in the remarks of the following descriptions:

#### Genus Amiota

Amiota(Phortica) variegata(Fallen) Fig. 2

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Mt. Sori.

#### Genus Leucopheenga

Leucophenga (Trichiaspiphenga) argentosa Okada Fig. 3

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung.

Remarks: Clasper with about 7 to 8 teeth.

Leucophenga (Leucophenga) concilia Okada Fig. 4

Described and figured by Ckada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung,

Leucophenga(Leucophenga) maculata(Dufour) Fig. 5

Descrided and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung.

Remarks: Genital arch with about 10 dense hairs at heel portion.

Leucophenga (Leucophenga) magnipalpis Duda Fig. 6

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Chiri.

Remarks: Clasper with invariably 5 long hairs.

Leucophenga (Leucophenga) ornatipennis (de Meijere) Fig. 7

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung.

Remarks: Clasper ovoid and upper margin heavily concaved.

Leucophenga (Leucophenga) quinquemaculipennis Okada Fig. 8

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Chiri.

#### Genus Microdrosophila

Microdrosophila sp.1 Fig. 9

Genital arch pale yellow, narrow, and bare. Anal plate somewhat triangular, with about 10 bristles. Clasper inconspicuous.

A single incomplete specimen from Mt. Hanra.

Microdrosophila sp.2 Fig. 10

Genital arch narrow, pale yellow and apically with a large process which is curved forward. Anal plate large and oblong, lower margin largely chitinized. Clasper absent. Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Mt. Hanra.

#### Genus Mycodrosophila

Mycodrosophila Koreana Lee & Takada Fig. 11

Genital arch yellowish white, narrow and truncate below, upper portion with about 4 marginal bristles and lower portion with about 11 marginal bristles, heel obtuse angle. Clasper yellowish white, narrowing proximlly, and distally with about 10 primary teeth as well as 4 secondary teeth. Anal plate yellowish white, somewhat triangular, tip portion slightly chitinyzed and with about 3 setae, and with about 20 bristles.

Specimens examined: Mt Moodung; Tolsan-Island.

#### Genus Scaptpmyza

Scaptomyza disticha(Duda) Fig. 12

Described and figured by Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Mt. Hanra; Mt. Taepaik.

Scaptomyza graminum(Fallen) Fig. 13

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Hanra; Mt. Chiri; Mt. Taepaik.

Remarks: Genital arch with about 10 hairs. Clasper with about 4 to 5 secondary teeth,

Scaptomyza apicalis Hardy Fig. 14

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Sori.

Scaptomyza polygonia Okada Fig. 15

Déscribed and figured by Okada (1957).

A single specimen examined from Mt. Taepaik.

# Genus Drosophiia

#### Subgenus Hirtodrosophila

Drosophila alboralis Momma & Takada Fig. 16

Described and figured by Momma & Takada(1954).

Specimens examined: Mt. Hanra; Mt. Chiri.

Drosophila sexvittata Okada Fig. 17

Described and figured dy Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Hanra; Mt. Sori; Mt. Taepaik.

Drosophila nokogiri Okada Fig. 18

Described and figured by Okada(1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Hanra: Mt. Sori.

Remarks: Genital arch with about 5 long upper marginal bristles along anterior margin and about 3 bristles at toe. Clasper dark brown, somewhat rectangular.

Drosophila sp. like histrio Fig. 19

General features are to be described by Okada & Kurokawa (1956).

Specimens examined: Mt. Hanre; Mt. Sori; Mt. Taepaik.

#### Subgenus Paradrosophila

Drosophila coracina Kikkawa & peng Fig. 20

Described and figured by Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

Remarks: Heel of the genital arch pointed anteriorly, Clasper one, small, and primary teeth about 10, arranged in a concave row.

#### Subgenus Dorsilopha

Drosophila busckii Coquillett Fig. 21

Described and figured by Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Najoc; Stock from Tokyo, Japan; Stock from The University of Texas.

# Subgenus Sophophora

# obscula species-group

#### obscula species-subgroup

Drosophila bifasciata Pomini Fig. 22

Described and figured by Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Mt. Hanra; Mt. Taepaik; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

# melanoaster species group

#### suzukii species-subgroup

Drosophila suzukii (Matsumura) Fig. 23

Described and figured Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung: Mt. Manra; Mt. Taepaik; Stock from Tokyo, Japan,

Remarks: Anal plate oval, and with tapering tip, and about 15 stout setae at tipportion. Clasper one, primary teeth in two separate rows, upper one is arranged in a convex row.

#### takahashii species-subgroup

Drosophila takahashii sturtevant Fig. 24

Described and figured by Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Najoc; Stock from Tokyo, Japan,

Drosophila lutea Kikkawa & Feng Fig. 25

Figured by Kikkawa & peng(1938), described by Okada(1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Mt. Hanra; Tolsan-Island; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

# melanogaster species-subgroup

Drosophila melanogaster Meigen Fig. 26

Figured by Sturtevant(1921), Kikkawa and Pang(1938), Burla(1951), Shogaki(1952), Figured and described by Hsu(1949), Salles(1947).

Specimens examined: Kwangju; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

#### nipponica species-subgroup

Drosophila magnipectinata Okada Fig. 27

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Hanra.

#### montium species-subgroup

Drosophila auraria Peng Fig. 28

Figured by Peng(1937), Kikkawa & Peng(1938), Described by Hsu(1949), Burla(1954).

Specimens examined: Mt. Hanr; Mt. Moodung; Tolsan-Island; Stock from Tokyo,

Japan.

Drosophila rufa Kikkawa & Peng Fig. 29

Described and figured by Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Tolsan-Island; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

#### Subgenus Drosophila

#### quinaria species-group

Drosophila brachynephros Okada Fig. 30

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Najoo; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

Drosophila angularis Okada Fig. 31

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Tolsan-Island; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

Drosophila unispina Okada Fig. 32

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

Drosophila nigromaculata Kikkawa & Peng Fig. 33

Figured by Kikkawa & Peng(1938). Described and figured by Okada(1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

Remarks: Secondary teeth 6 on the clasper.

# testacea species-group

Drosophila testacea ven Roser Fig. 34

Described and figured by Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Mt. Sori; Mt. Hanra.

#### bizonata species-group

Drosophila bizonata Kikkawa & Peng Fig. 35

Described and figured by OKada(1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung,

#### melanderi species-group

Drosophila makinoi Okada Fig. 36

Described and figured by Okada (1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Taepaik; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

# ungrouped species near histrio

Drosophila sp. of quinaria section Fig. 37

Described and figured by Okada & Kurokawa (1956).

Specimens examined: Mt. Sori; Mt. Moodung; Mt. Hanra.

Drosophila histrio Meigan Fig. 38

Described figured by Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Mt. Chiri; Mt. Moodung; Mt. Taepaik; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

Remarks: Genital arch long and narrow, upper portion dark brown, Lower portion with about 13 bristles arranged in a diagonal row, 3 of which are very stout and at tip portion, heel slightly pointed anteriorly, toe broad and roundish. Lower portion of anal plate with very pronounced finger like projecton which bears 3 teeth-like structures at tip. Clasper one, more or less triangula, primary teeth about 15, arranged in a slightly convex row, size of teeth gradually incresing from top to bottom.

#### immigrans species-group

Drosophila immigrans Sturtevant Fig. 39

Figured by Kikkawa & Peng(1938), figured and described by Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

Drosophila sp. of immigrans group Fig. 40

Described and figured by Okada & Kurokawa (1956).

Specimens examined: Mt. Hanra.

Remarks: The original description was not available, and no comparison was made.

#### virilis species-group

Drosophila virilis Sturtevant Fig. 41

Figured and described by Hsu(1959).

Specimens examined: Najoc; Kwangju; Stock from Tokyo, Japan; Stock from The University of Texas.

Remarks: Lower portion of genital arch with about 25 bistles, undermargin in slightly convex, heel an obtuse angle.

#### robusta species-group

Drosophila sordidula Kikkawa & Peng Fig. 42

Figured by Kikkawa & Peng(1938), figured and described by Okada(1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

Drosophila lacertosa Okada Fig. 43

Described and figured by Okada(1957).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Mt. Hanra; Mt. Sori; Mt. Taepaik; Stock from Tokyo, Japan.

Remarks: Lower portion of genital arch short and broad, and anterior margin of lower half heavily concaved.

Drosophila cheda Tan. Hsu, and Sheng Fig. 44

Figured and described by Hsu(1949).

Specimens examined: Mt. Moodung; Mt. Chiri.

#### SUMMARY

- 1. The external male genitalia of 43 Korean species were examined and figured, and all of which were compared with those of the stocks from other countries.
- 2. Intraspecific variations are recognized in the following species: Leucophenga argentosa, Leucophenga maculata, Leucophenga magnipalpis, Leucophenga ornatipennis, Scaptomyza graminum, D. nokogiri, D. coracina, D. suzukii, D. nigromaculata, D. histrio, D. virilis, D. lacertosa.
  - 3. The lack of the teeth on the clasper may be the most important feature for the

genus Amiota and genus Leucophenga except Leucophenga argentosa.

4. In the genus Drosophila, species belonging to takahashii, montium, quinaria, and robusta species-subgroup showed the common characters of the genitalia for the group, but showed differences among themselves.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The author wishes to extend his sincere gratitude to Dr. Y. K. Paik of Yonsei University for his great help. He also owes a great deal to members of the Department for their help in the field collections. The author's cordial thanks are also due to Dr. T. Okada of Tokyo Metropolitan University, Dr. W. S. Stone of The University of Texas, and Dr. R. E. Scossiroli of Pavia University for their kindness of sharing valuable specimens.

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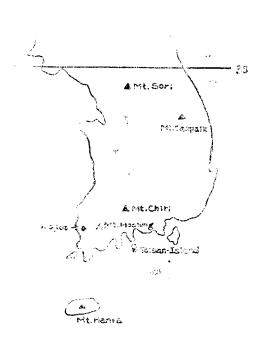


Fig. 1. The localities of collection

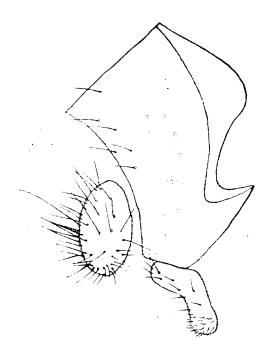


Fig. 2. Amiota variegata(Fallén)

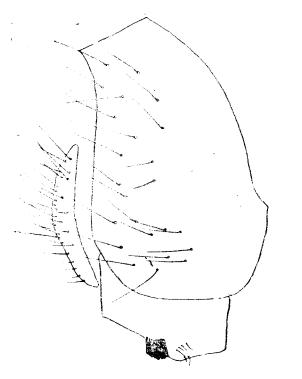
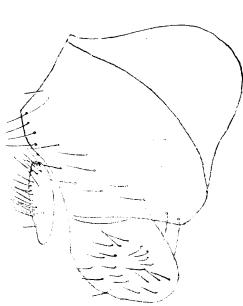


Fig. 3. Leucophenga argentosa Okada Fig. 4. Leucophenga concilia Okada



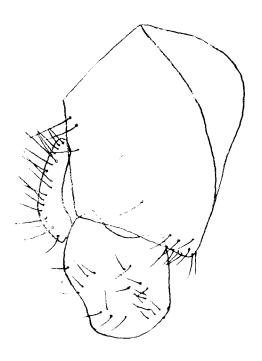


Fig. 5. Leucophenga maculata(Dufoux)

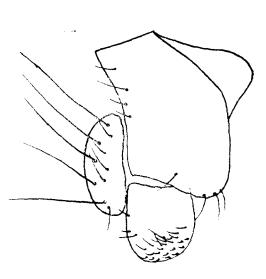


Fig. 6. Leucophenga magnipalpis Duda

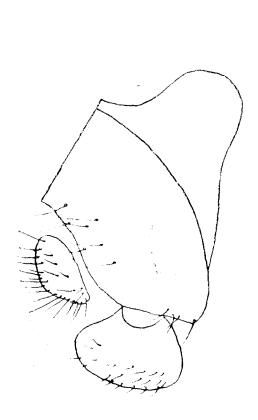


Fig. 7. Leucophenga ornatipennis (de meijére)

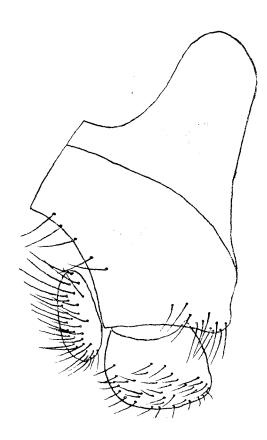


Fig. 8. Leucophenga quinquemaculipenn is Okada

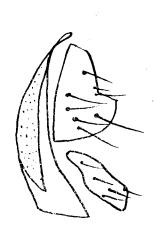
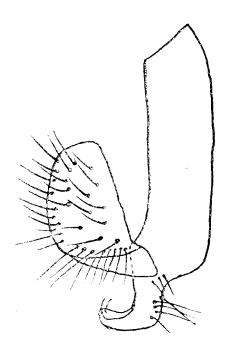


Fig. 9. Microdrosophila SP.-1



Fig, 10. Microdrosophila SP.-2

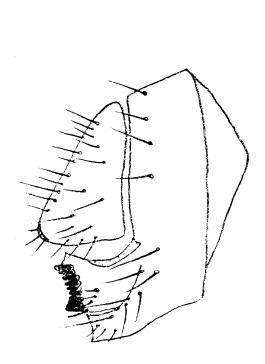


Fig. 11. Mycodrosophila Koreana Lee & Takada

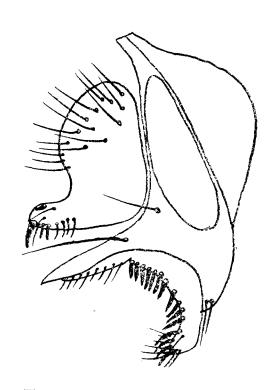


Fig. 12. Scareomyza disticha (Duda)

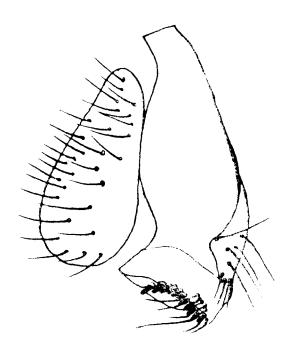


Fig. 13. Scaptomyza graminum(Fallen)

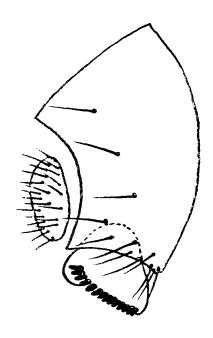


Fig. 14. ScaptomyZa apicalis Hardy

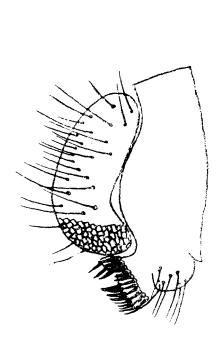


Fig. 15. Scaptomyza polygonia Okada

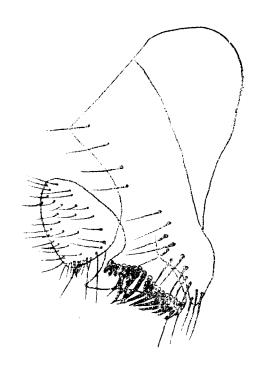


Fig. 16. P. alboralis Momma & Takada

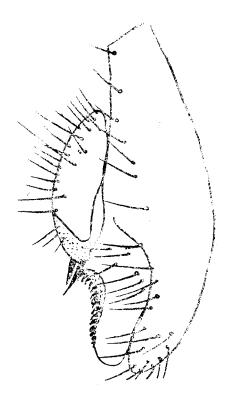
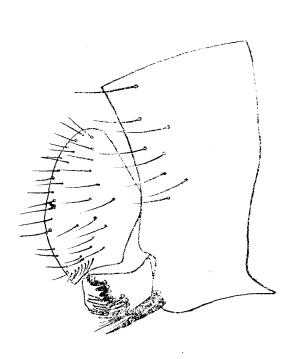


Fig. 17. D. Sexvittata Okada



Fig, 18. D. nokogiri Okada

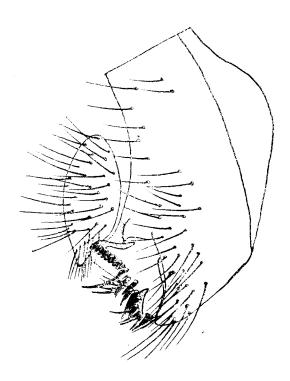


Fig. 19. D. SP. like histrio

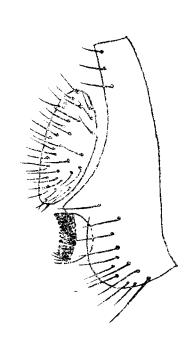


Fig. 20. D. coracina Kikkawa & Peng

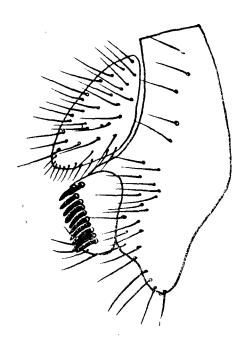


Fig. 21. D. busckii Coquillett

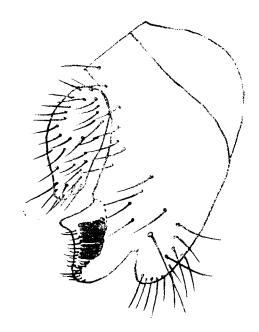


Fig. 22. D. bifasciata Pomini

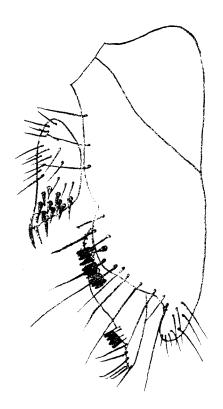


Fig. 23. D. Suzukii(Matsumura)

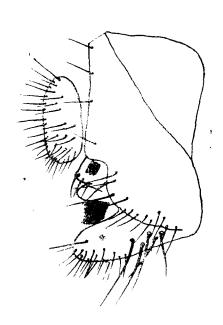


Fig. 24. D. Takahashii Sturtevant

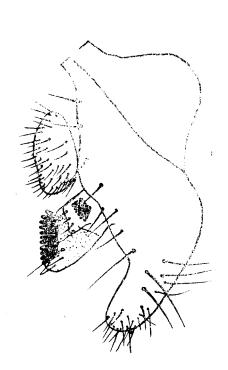


Fig. 25. D. Intea Kikkawa & Peng

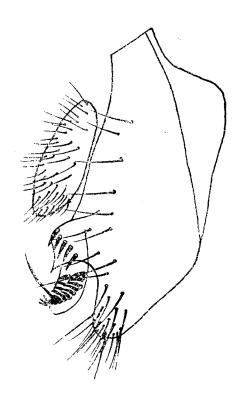


Fig. 26. D. melanogaster Meigen

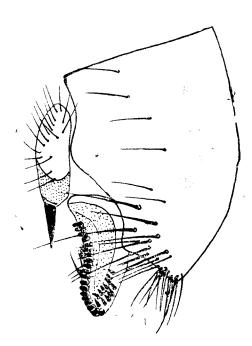


Fig. 27. D. magnipectinata Okada

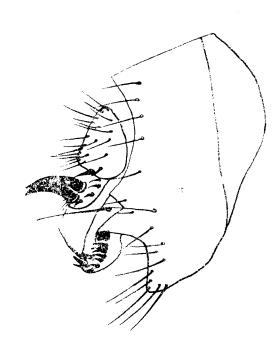


Fig. 28. D. auraria Peng

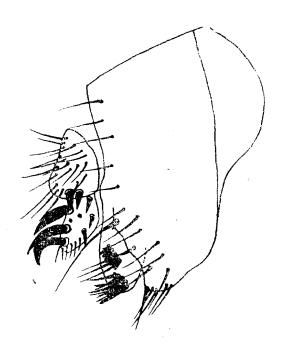


Fig. 29. D. rufa Kikkawa & Peng

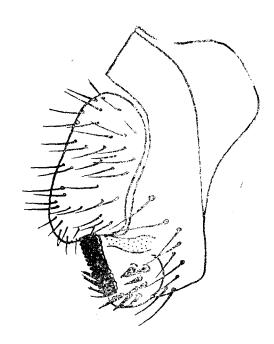


Fig. 30. D. brachynephros Okada

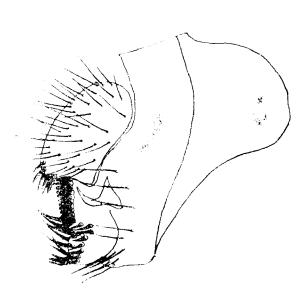


Fig. 31. D. angularis Okada

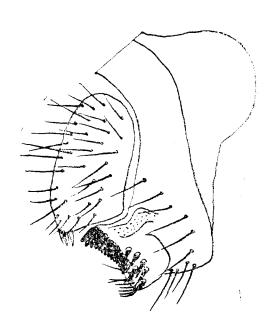


Fig. 32. D. unispina Okada

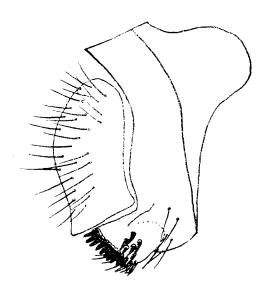


Fig. 33. D. nigromaculata Kikkawa & Peng

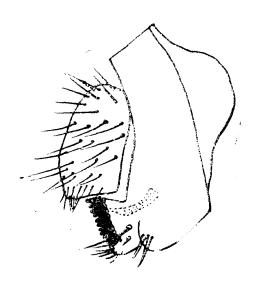


Fig. 34. D. testacea van Roser

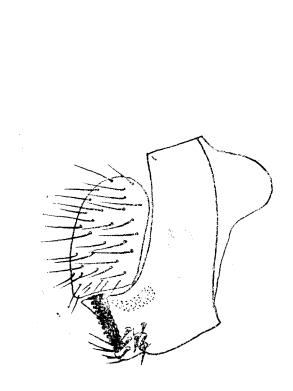


Fig. 35. D. bizonata Kikkawa & Peng

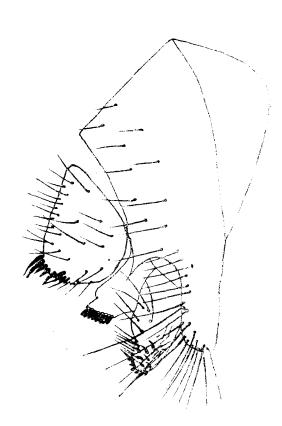


Fig. 36. D. makinoi Okada

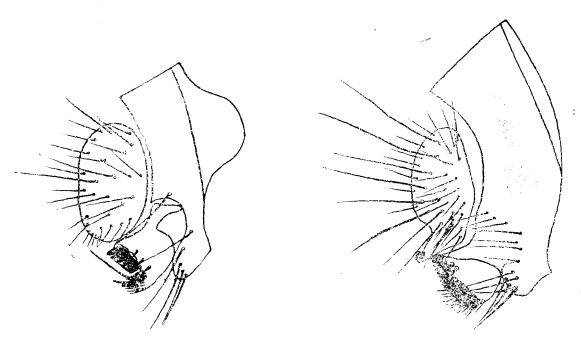


Fig. 37. D. SP. of quinaria section Okada

Fig. 38. D. histrio Megen

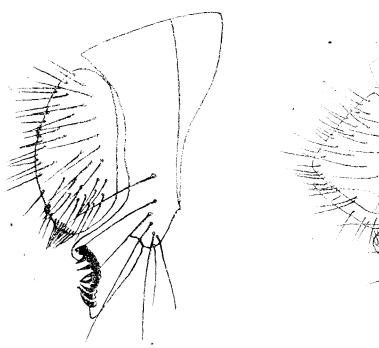


Fig. 39. D. immigrans sturtevant

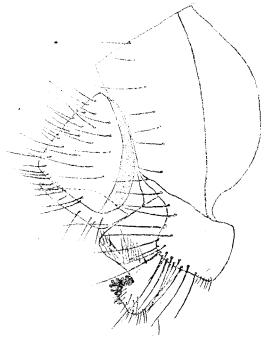


Fig. 40. D. sp. of imigrans group Okada

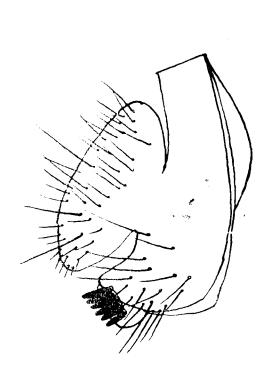


Fig. 41. D. virilis Sturtevant

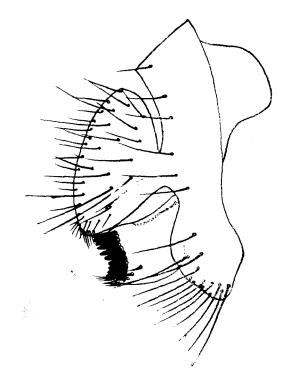


Fig. 42. D. sordidula Kakkawa & Peng

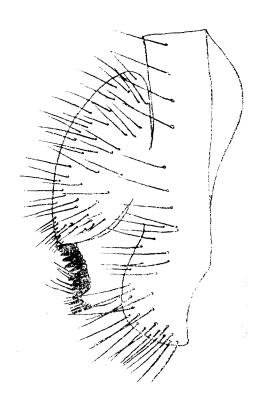


Fig. 43. D. lacertosa Okada

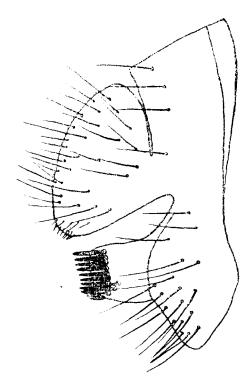


Fig. 44. D. cheda Tan, Hsu and Sheng

——抄 錄——

# 韓國產 초과리의 雄性外部生殖器에 對한 研究

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- 1. 著者는 韓國產 조과리의 雄性外部生殖器에 依한 系統的 研究를 目的으로 1955年 5月早日 1960年10月까지 國內 各地(無等山,智異山,漢拏山,蘇利峰,太白山,羅州果樹園,突山島)에서 採集한 6屬 43種에 對하여 外部生殖器 永久標本을 만들어,系統的 類緣關係是 調查하고 또한 地理的인 變異是 調查하기 為하여 같은 日本產 或은 歐美產과도 比較하였는바,相當數의 變異是 發見하였다. 變異型은 "remarks"에 記載하였다.
- 2. Leucophenga argentosa, L. maculata, L. magnipalpis L. ornatipennis. Scaptomyza graminum, D. nokogiri D.coracina, D. suzukii, D. nigromaculata, D. histrio, D. virilis, D. lacertosa 等은 外國產과 무貝한 變異를 보여주었다.
- 3. Amiota屬과 Lencophenga屬(但 L. argentosa는 除外)에 屬한 젊은 모두 把握器(clasper) 에 齒(teeth)가 없는 것이 뚜렷한 特徵인 것 같다.
- 4. Sophophora 亞屬中 takahashii, montium speciessubgroup에 屬한 種물과 Drosophila 亞屬中 quinaria. robusta species-subgroup에 屬한 種둘은 各 group에 따라 共通的 特徵을 가졌을으로 系統的 分類에 좋은 特徵이 되겠다.